

TOP NOTCH 2 UNIT Didáctica 25.100

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Unit Study Guide (Unit 1)

NAME:	DATE:
Unit Stud	
(Uni	t 1)
Practice Write a new sentence or a short converge expression you didn't check.	ersation with each grammar point, word, or

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Extra Grammar Exercises (Unit 1, page 5)

	=5;	SON 1 The present perfect					
1 Write sentences in the present perfect, using contractions. End each sentenc with a period.							
	1.	(I / not meet / your sister)					
		I haven't met your sister.					
	2.	(they / eat / dinner)					
	3.	(the books / not arrive / from Tokyo)					
	4.	(they / take / that class twice)					
	5.	(she / study / three languages)					
	6.	. (they / see / that movie three times)					
	7.	(my wife and I / not visit / Australia)					
	8.	(I / not write / the report)					
	9.	(my friend Ben / not speak / to them about the party)					
2		omplete each short answer.					
	1.	A: Have you met John?					
		B: Yes,I have					
	2.	A: Has Janet eaten lunch?					
		B: No,					
	3.	A: Have your friends gone to the concert? B: Yes,					
		(continued)					

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4.	A: Have you done your homework? B: No,
5.	A: Has your mom come home? B.: No,
6.	A: Has the movie started? B: Yes,
	rite the questions in the present perfect. End each with a question mark.
1.	A: (your parents / meet / our teacher) Have your parents met our teacher? B: Yes, they have.
2.	A: (you / call / your kids) B: Yes, I have.
3.	A: (you / finish / the report)
4.	A: (they / speak / to their banker)
5.	A: (you / see / Shakira in a live concert) B: No, I haven't.
6.	A: (Leon / look / at the new website)
7.	A: (Karen / eat / dinner) B: Yes, she has.
8.	A: (your brother / go running / this week) B: No, he hasn't.
9.	A: (your son / graduate / from the university)

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Extra Grammar Exercises (Unit 1, page 7)

LESSON 2 The present perfect: already, yet, ever, before, and never

1	Circle the	correct	adverb	to	complete	each	sentence.

- 1. Jake has eaten Peruvian food (ever / before) already).
- 2. Lucy hasn't (ever / never / already) gone to the top of the Taipei 101 Tower.
- 3. My friends have (already / before / ever) gone snorkeling.
- 4. My husband and I haven't taken a tour of San Salvador (yet / already / never).
- **5.** She's climbed Grouse Mountain (before / yet / never).
- 6. Have your classmates (before / ever / yet) played volleyball?
- 7. Has your daughter used a laptop (before / never / already)?
- 8. We haven't (already / ever / never) gone sightseeing in Italy.

2	Write statements	and questions	in the present	perfect.

1.	(ever / you / be / to Paris)	
	Have you ever been to Paris	_?
2.	(yet / I / not / try / Thai food)	
3.	(already / they / do / the homework)	
4.	(never / Maria / eat / Japanese food)	
5.	(before / you / visit / the Museum of Art)	 ?
6.	(already / you / climb / Yellow Mountain)	
7.	(yet / your brother / see / Usher in concert)	?
8.	(ever / Max / try / snorkeling)	 o
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3	ma	ıke	a check (√) if the sentence is correct. If it is not correct, write X and corrections. I haven't never tried Indian food. [OR]	
		١.	I've never tried Indian food.	
		2.	She has ever gone to the top of the Eiffel Tower.	
		3.	They haven't ever taken pictures of the Great Wall.	
		4.	We've yet taken a tour of New York.	
		5.	He's already climbed Mount Fuji.	
		6.	Have you been ever to Los Angeles?	
		7.	Has she eaten ever potato soup?	
		8.	My sister has tried already snails.	

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Unit Study Guide (Unit 2)

GRAMMAR ☐ The present perfect: for and since; other uses (page 16) ☐ Would like and Would rather + base form (page 18)	Adjectives to describe movies boring funny hilarious romantic silly thought-provoking	SOCIAL LANGUAGE Have you been here long? For about ten minutes. Sorry I'm late. The [8:00] show for [The Love Boat] is sold out. I hope that's OK. That's fine.
VOCABULARY Explanations for being late I overslept. I missed the bus. I couldn't get a taxi. I couldn't find a parking space. I got stuck in traffic. Movie genres action film	☐ unforgettable ☐ violent ☐ weird Other language ☐ a bunch of ☐ director ☐ frankly ☐ I've heard [something] ☐ miss ☐ [movie] star ☐ title	☐ How much do I owe? ☐ It's on me. ☐ Next time it's my treat. ☐ What would you rather do— [stay home and stream a movie] or [go to the theater]? ☐ How about a love story? ☐ To tell you the truth, I'm not that big on [love stories]. ☐ That works for me.
□ animated film □ comedy □ documentary □ drama □ horror film □ musical □ science-fiction film	□ violence	

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	dy Guide
(Un	it 2)
Practice Write a new sentence or a short convexpression you didn't check.	versation with each grammar point, word, or

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Extra Grammar Exercises

(Unit 2, page 16)

LESSON 1 The present perfect: for and since; Other uses of the present perfect

I	Со	mplete each statement or question with <u>for</u> or <u>since</u> .
	1.	I've been here 2:00.
	2.	My parents have been married 1990.
	3.	Have your children been in Smith Street School a long time?
	4.	Leona has lived in Caracas fifteen years.
	5.	I've been outside this movie theater 5:30.
	6.	We haven't eaten in this restaurant two or three years.
	7.	Our teacher has taught English 2005.
	8.	How many students in your class have studied English more than two years?
	9.	I haven't seen a single good movie last month.
	10.	Who hasn't read a good book a long time?
2	1.	She 's seen Ocean Story ten times so far.
	2.	My wife says she to any good movies lately.
	3.	always to watch We Missed the Last Train?
	4.	Our local movie theater still King Pong.
	5.	Is this the first time 3D glasses?
		The Green Tree is the worst documentary Tom King ever
		make .

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- 3 Circle the correct words to compete the conversations.
 - 1. A: Have you seen a good movie (recently/ only)?
 - B: Actually, yes. I've (still / just) seen *The Orange Moon.* It's fantastic.
 - 2. A: How many times have you gone to the movies this week?
 - B: Me? I've (only / always) gone once.
 - **3.** A: We haven't streamed any movies this week (lately / so far).
 - B: Really? I've (just / always) streamed a great one.
 - 4. A: Has she (always / still) loved classic movies?
 - B: Marie? No way. She likes the new ones better.

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Extra Grammar Exercises (Unit 2, page 19)

LESSON 2 Ways to express wants and preferences

1	Us	se the words to write statements or questions.
	1.	Would / she / like / go to the movies? Would she like to go to the movies?
	2.	What / you / rather / see: a drama or a comedy?
	3.	When / they / rather / eat dinner: before the show or after the show?
	4.	Laura / like / have lunch at home before the afternoon show.

2 Circle the correct words to complete the sentences.

1. I would like (go / (to go)) to the midnight show.

5. he / rather / watch / TV all evening?

- 2. Our teacher would like (show / to show) a video in class tomorrow.
- 3. We'd rather (stream / to stream) a comedy than go out.
- 4. Who would rather (stay home / to stay home) and make dinner tonight?
- **5.** They'd rather (not take / not to take) their children to violent movies.

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3	Circle the letter of the cor	rect short answer to each	question.
	1. Would your children like	to see an animated film?	
	a. Yes, they do.	b Yes, they would.	c. Yes, they would like.
	2. Would you like to go to the	ne late show?	
	a. No, we wouldn't.	b. No, we wouldn't like.	c. No, we don't.
	3. Would most people rathe	er avoid violent movies?	
	a. Yes, they'd.	b. Yes, they would.	c. Yes, they'd rather.
	4. Would Tom like to see a science fiction movie tonight?		nt?
	a. No, he wouldn't.	b. No, he didn't.	c. No, he wouldn't like.
	5. Would your friends rathe	r stay home on Friday night	s?
	a. No, they'd rather not.	b. No, they'd rather.	c. No, they don't.

a. Yes, I'd like.

- **b.** Yes, I would.
- **c.** Yes, I'd.

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Unit Study Guide (Unit 3)

GRAMMAR ☐ The future with will (page 28) ☐ The real conditional (page 30)	☐ suite ☐ twin bed ☐ queen-size bed ☐ king-size bed ☐ rollaway bed	 □ not satisfied □ Is everything OK? □ I'm sorry to hear that. □ phone message □ leave a message □ take a message
VOCABULARY Hotel amenities and services □ airport shuttle □ bell / luggage service □ business center □ concierge □ currency exchange	Requesting hotel room amenities and services [We need]:	☐ price ☐ room size ☐ cleanliness ☐ location ☐ service ☐ amenities ☐ atmosphere
☐ fitness / exercise center ☐ gift shop ☐ housekeeping service ☐ laundry service ☐ magazine / gift shop ☐ minibar ☐ pool	[Could someone]: ☐ make up the room? ☐ turn down the beds? ☐ pick up the laundry? ☐ bring up a newspaper? ☐ take away the dishes? Other language	SOCIAL LANGUAGE ☐ I'm checking out of [Room 604]. ☐ I'm checking in. ☐ The name's [Baker]. ☐ Let's see. ☐ May I have your credit
☐ room service ☐ sauna ☐ shoeshine service ☐ spa ☐ wake-up service ☐ wireless Internet service Hotel room types and kinds of beds ☐ smoking ☐ non-smoking	□ hotel □ check in □ check out □ satisfactory □ put [something] on a credit card □ shortly □ give [someone] a hand with [something] □ guest	card? ☐ Here you go. ☐ By the way, [is the restaurant still open]?
☐ single room ☐ double room	☐ hurry ☐ satisfied	

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Extra Grammar Exercises (Unit 3, page 28)

LESSON 1 The future with will

1	Complete the conversations, us	sing <u>will</u> . Use contractions when possible.
	1. A: Will you call	(you / call) me tomorrow?
	B: Yes, you at 10:00.	(I / call)
	2. A:	(your friends / meet) us at the park?
	B: No,	They're too busy.
	3. A:	(I / see) you on Tuesday?
	B: Yes,	(I / come) to
	4. A:	(there / be) a charge for Internet service?
	B: No,	Internet service is free.
	5. A:	(Jude / make) dinner tonight?
	B: No,	He has to work late.
	6. A:	(you / buy) a new laptop this year?
	R· Yes	My lanton is very old

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2 \A/ri	te questions with will. Use question marks.			
	when / you / make / your hotel reservations			
	When will you make your hotel reservations?			
2.	who / take / Joan's message			
3.	where / they / go / on vacation next year			
4.	who / Ron / call / when he arrives / at the airport			
5.	how / your sister / get / to Chicago			
6.	how long / you / stay / at the Uzbek Palace Hotel			
7.	when / Jake / finish / his report			
8.	who / make / the reservations			
9.	where / you / stay / in Paris			
10.	what / bell service / do / with your luggage			
11.	who / Marion / meet / on Tuesday			
12.	when / the tourists from Japan / arrive			
13.	who / meet / them / at the airport			
14.	when / the business center / close			

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Extra Grammar Exercises (Unit 3, page 30)

LESSON 2 The real conditional

- 1 Circle the correct verb forms to complete each statement or question.
 - 1. If we (make/ will make) reservations today, we (get (ll get) the best deal.
 - 2. She (uses / 'll use) the pool if she (checks / will check) in before 8:00 P.M.
 - 3. They (save / 'll save) a lot of money on their next vacation if they (look / will look) for a hotel online.
 - **4.** If I (don't hurry / won't hurry), I (don't get / won't get) to the airport on time.
 - 5. What (do you do / will you do) tomorrow if there (aren't / won't be) any non-smoking rooms?
 - 6. If there ('s / will be) a problem next week, who (helps / will help) us?
- 2 Change each factual real conditional sentence to the future real conditional.
 - If you're in a hurry, a taxi to the airport is faster than a hotel shuttle.
 If you're in a hurry, a taxi to the airport will be faster than a hotel shuttle.

 Hotel guests get a free breakfast if they reserve a suite.
 If your hotel has a shuttle, getting there from the airport is very convenient.
 If you travel overseas, you get the best exchange rate at an ATM.
 - 5. The hotel charges you at check out if you take something from the minibar.
 - 6. The front desk calls you in the morning if you want wake-up service.

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3		omplete each real conditional sentence in your own way. Use a comma when e <u>if</u> clause comes first.
	1.	If I live to be 100 If I live to be 100, I'll write a book.
	2.	My teacher will be angry if
	3.	If I don't study English
	4.	If I go to my favorite restaurant next week
	5.	If I go on vacation this year
	6.	I'll improve my English if

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Unit Study Guide (Unit 4)

GRAMMAR	☐ dashboard	Good driving behavior
☐ The past continuous	☐ emergency brake	☐ pay attention
(page 40)	☐ gas pedal	☐ observe the speed limit
☐ Direct object placement	☐ gearshift	☐ maintain a safe following
with phrasal verbs (page	horn	distance
42)	☐ rearview mirror	
	☐ seat belt	Other language
VOCABULARY	☐ steering wheel	☐ rent
Car types	3	☐ daily rate
☐ compact car	Ways to show concern	☐ shopping trip
☐ convertible	☐ I'm so sorry.	☐ business trip
☐ full-size sedan	☐ Oh, no!	☐ car accident
☐ luxury car	☐ How awful!	☐ have an accident
☐ minivan / van	☐ I'm sorry to hear that.	
☐ sports car	☐ That's terrible.	SOCIAL LANGUAGE
☐ station wagon		Long time no see.
□suv	Phrasal verbs for talking	
	about cars	☐ I can't complain. ☐ You can say that again!
Exterior car parts	☐ fill up	☐ I had an accident.
☐ bumper	☐ turn on	
door	☐ turn off	☐ Are you OK?
☐ engine	☐ pick up	☐ I'm fine.
☐ headlight	☐ drop off	☐ No one was hurt.
hood		☐ Thank goodness.
☐ side-view mirror	Bad driving behavior/	☐ What a relief!
☐ sunroof	habits	☐ That's good.
☐ taillight	flash lights at other drivers	☐ How did it happen?
☐ tire	☐ gesture at other drivers	☐ [The other driver] was
☐ trunk	☐ honk their horns	[tailgating].
☐ turn signal light	not stop at red lights	☐ Was there much damage?
☐ window	not signal when turning	☐ I'll only have to replace a
☐ windshield	☐ pass in a no-passing zone	[taillight].
☐ windshield wiper	☐ speed	☐ I'm dropping off my car.
P.	☐ stare at other drivers	☐ Was everything OK?
Interior car parts	☐ tailgate	☐ [The windshield wipers]
☐ brake pedal	☐ talk on the phone	aren't working.
☐ clutch	☐ text while driving	Any other problems?
	☐ weave through traffic	☐ No. That's it.
		☐ Is the gas tank full?

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Practice Write a new sentence or a short converge expression you didn't check.	ersation with each grammar point, word, or

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Extra Grammar Exercises (Unit 4, page 41)

LI	ESSON 1 The past continuous				
1	Co	omplete the statements and questions with the past continuous.			
	1.	My daughter was driving her car yesterday at 4:00.			
	2.	I to work when I saw the accident.			
	3.	Who on the phone when I came home?			
	4.	Traffic was awful this morning. Everyone!			
	5.	They the house when the phone started ringing.			
	6.	The clients at the rental agency about the quality of the cars they got.			
	7.	The accident occurred because a car through traffic.			
	8.	Why at the mall when online shopping is so much easier?			
2	Ci	rcle the correct verb form to complete the sentences.			
	1.	I (tailgated / was tailgating) when the car in front of me suddenly (stopped)/ was stopping).			
	2.	John (cooked / was cooking) dinner when his children (arrived / were arriving).			
	3.	Larissa (didn't pay / wasn't paying) attention while she (drove / was driving).			
	4.	They (washed / were washing) the car when the headlights (broke / were breaking).			
	5.	My son (texted / was texting) his boss when the storm (started / was starting).			

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Extra Grammar Exercises (Unit 4, page 43)

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LI	ES:	SON 2 Placement of direct objects with phrasal verbs				
1	Re	Rewrite the following sentences, correcting the errors.				
	1.	If you return a rental car and it's almost out of gas, who has to fill up it? If you return a rental car and it's almost out of gas, who has to fill it up?				
	2.	The car's ready. Can you pick up it before 5:00?				
	3.	The car? I'm planning to drop off it at the rental office, not the airport.				
	4.	There's something wrong with the headlights. I can't turn on them.				
	5.	I can't stand that loud music while I drive. Could you please turn off it?				
2	Re	Rewrite each sentence, replacing the direct object noun with a pronoun.				
	1.	Please fill the car up with super. Please fill it up with super.				
	2.	Jane's going to drop off the car at the airport.				
3. It's raining and we can't turn on the windshield wipers.						
	4. When you're sitting in a parking lot, you should turn the headlights off.					
	5.	5. Turn the TV on, please, so I can see the news about the accident.				

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3 Complete each conversation with an object pronoun.

1. A: Please turn off the car.

B: OK, I'll _____turn off

2. A: Why are your headlights still on?

B: Oh, no! I forgot to ______ last night. I hope the engine starts!

3. A: The car is ready.

B: Great, I'll _____ at 3:00.

4. A: My brakes are making a funny sound.

B: No problem. We'll check out the whole car. What time can you

drop off

5. A: Why isn't the TV working?

B: Did you try to ______?

6. A: Why is it so cold in this car? Is it the air conditioning?

B: Yes, I can't ______ .

7. A: You left your glasses in my car last night.

B: I'm glad you found them. Can you _____ on your way home?

8. A: Oh no! I think I'm almost out of gas.

B: No problem. There's a station. We can _____ there.

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Unit Study Guide (Unit 5)

GRAMMAR ☐ Quantifiers for indefinite quantities and amounts (pages 52, 53) ☐ Indefinite pronouns: someone / no one / anyone (page 54)	☐ razor ☐ shampoo ☐ shaving cream ☐ soap ☐ sunscreen ☐ toothbrush ☐ toothpaste	SOCIAL LANGUAGE □ Would it be possible to get [a massage]? □ You're in luck. □ Not a problem. □ How much will [the haircut and the massage] come to? □ It'll be [110 euros] in all.
VOCABULARY Salon services facial haircut manicure massage pedicure shave Personal care products aftershave brush comb dental floss deodorant eye shadow face powder hairspray hand and body lotion lipstick makeup mascara nail clipper nail file nail polish	Discussing beauty □ physical features □ beauty □ attractive □ unattractive □ youth □ health □ outer beauty □ inner beauty Other language □ aisle □ [cosmetics] section □ the back □ appointment □ run late □ appearance □ improve □ cosmetic surgery □ hair restoration □ face-lift □ liposuction □ chemical peel □ advantage □ disadvantage	□ That's up to you. □ Excuse me. Where would I find [sunscreen]? □ Have a look in [the cosmetics section]. □ I couldn't find [any razors] either. □ I'd like to make an appointment for [a haircut]. □ When would you like to come in? □ Let me check[Sean] has an opening at [2:00]. □ Actually, that's a little [early] for me. □ Is someone available [after 4:00]? □ [Yelena] can see you then.

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Practice Write a new sentence or a short convexpression you didn't check.						

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Extra Grammar Exercises

(Unit 5, page 53)

LESSON 1 Quantifiers for indefinite quantities and amounts

1	Co	omplete each sentence with <u>some</u> or <u>any</u> .			
	1.	Is thereany shampoo on the bathroom shelf?			
	2.	I don't think we have sunscreen. Can you pick up when you go to the store?			
	3.	I was looking for face powder in the cosmetics section, but I didn't see			
	4.	I'm going to the drugstore to get aftershave and some dental floss. Do we need soap?			
	5.	Wow! Your hands are so dry! There's really good hand lotion near the sink in the kitchen. You should use of that.			
	6.	My hair's a mess, and I don't have hairspray at home. I'll get right here in this store.			
	7.	My children need new toothbrushes for our vacation.			
	8.	There aren't good combs or brushes in this store. Let's go to Cosmetics Riot across the street.			
2	Ci	rcle the correct quantifiers to complete the conversations.			
	1.	1. A: Please get (any /a lot of) toothpaste when you go to the store.			
		B: Again? I can't believe there isn't (some / any). What do the children do with it—eat it?			
	2.	A: Oh, no! Mom and Dad are coming for breakfast tomorrow and there isn't (much / many) milk.			
		B: No problem. I don't use (much / any) milk in my coffee, and your dad doesn't use (some / any).			
	3.	A: I'm going shopping. Is there (any / many) shaving cream? Could you check in the bathroom?			
		B: No, honey. There isn't (some / any). You need (much / some). And while you're at the store, there isn't (a lot of / many) shampoo. Could you get (some / much)?			
	4.	A: There aren't (many / much) eggs in the fridge. We definitely need (some / many) for the cake.			
		B: Would you like me to pick (some / any) up when I go out later?			
	5.	A: Where would I find nail clippers? I need (some / much), and I didn't see (much / any) on the shelf.			
		B: Really? We had (much / lots of) them this morning. Let me go look.			

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Extra Grammar Exercises (Unit 5, page 55)

LESSON 2 Indefinite pronouns: someone / no one / anyone

	_0,	JON 2 IIIU	sillile proi	iloulis. <u>Sollieo</u>	one / no one / anyone	
1 Complete each sentence with <u>someone</u> , <u>no one</u> , or <u>anyone</u> . Remember: U capital letter for the first word in a sentence.				er: Use a		
	1.	There's	someone	at the door. (Could you please open it?	
	2.	I don't see		at the fror	nt desk. I need to find	
so I can pay.						
	3.	Can		help us? We're	looking for the hair care depar	tment.
	4.		can (give you a mass	sage today. Everyone is busy.	
	5. We don't think there's _ today. But				_ available to do your persona rrow.	I training
	6.	Can		give me a manio	cure and a pedicure later today	y?
	7.	She didn't ca	ıll	about	t the problem at the spa.	