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Will for the Future THE FUTURE

OUTCOMES

- Talk about future facts and make predictions and promises with *will*
- Recognize details in an article about the future
 Answer questions about speakers in a
- conversation
- Make predictions about the future
 Make suggestion and give solutions to everyday problems
- · Write a paragraph about life in the future

STEP 1 GRAMMAR IN CONTEXT

BEFORE YOU READ

Work with a partner. Answer the questions.

- 1. Will life in the future be better or worse than it is today?
- 2. What will be different in the year 2050?

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THE FUTURE

Read this magazine article about the future.

Future Science magazine asked scientists to make predictions for the year 2050. What will we eat? How will we look? How will we travel? How long will we live? Here are their predictions.

 More people will be vegetarians. They won't eat any meat or fish.

- 2 Robots will cook our meals. We won't spend a lot of time in the kitchen.
- **3** There will be a cure for the common cold.
- 4 People will live to be 100 years old on average, and the majority of people will be over sixty.

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1 solar: from the sun

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2 coins: metal money such as quarters or dimes

AFTER YOU READ

OCABULARY Complete the sentences with the words from the box.

disappear	majority	memory	robots	spend time
uisappeai	majority	memory	100013	spenu une

- 1. In the future, we will remember more. There will be pills to improve our
- 2. I don't see the moon now. Did the moon ______ behind a cloud?
- In the future, many people will ______ on the moon. It will be a popular place to visit.
- 4. I think ______ will do the jobs of many hospital workers.
- In the future, the ______ of office workers will work from home one or two days a week.

COMPREHENSION Look again at the article. Read the questions. Circle the correct answers.

- 1. How will people look in the year 2050?
 - a. smaller b. shorter c. taller
- 2. Where will many people travel to?
 - a. the moon b. Mars c. the past
- 3. Which of the following will not increase in the future?
 - a. the number of vegetarians
 - b. the number of people over 100 years old
 - c. the number of people who get colds

4. What will be common in 2050?

a. coins b. private planes c. gas stations

O DISCUSSION Work with a partner. Compare your answers in B. Then tell your partner which predictions you don't agree with.

Go to MyEnglishLab for more grammar in context practice.



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STEP 2 GRAMMAR PRESENTATION

WILL FOR THE FUTURE

Affirm	ative	Stater	nents	

Subject	Will/'ll	Base Form of Verb	Time Marker	
I				
You	1			
He				
She	will 'll	leave	tomorrow.	
It	1			
We	1			
They	1			

Negative Statements					
Subject	Will not/ Won't	Base Form of Verb	Time Marker		
I			1.0		
You]				
He	-	leave			
She	will not won't		tonight.		
It	won t				
We					
They	1				

you

she

we

they

won't.

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Yes/N	o Questio	ns]	Sho	rt Ansv	vers		
Will	Subject	Base Form of Verb	Time Marker	Affirm	native		Nega	tive
	I				you			yo
	you	1			I	will.	No,	Ι
	he				he			he
Will	/ill she	arrive	tonight?	Yes,	she			she
	it	1			it			it
	we				we			we
	they	1			they			the

GRAMMAR NOTES

Will for the Future: Form	
Use <i>will</i> + the base form of the verb to talk about things that will take place in the future.	The class will begin on November 2. We will meet tomorrow at 10:00 a.m.
Use <i>will</i> + <i>not</i> + the base form of the verb to talk about things that will not take place in the future.	The plane will not land at 6:00. He will not be on time for the meeting.
For questions, put the subject after will and	SUBJECT

Will classes begin on November 2?

SUBJECT When will classes begin?

BE CAREFUL! Use the base form of the verb after will. Remember, the base form is the same for all subjects. It doesn't change form.

before the base form of the verb.

The plane will arrive at 6:00 p.m. NOT The plane will to arrive at 6:00 p.m. NOT The plane will arrives at 6:00 p.m.

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2 Contractions	
The contraction of <i>will</i> is ' <i>ll</i> . We often use contractions of <i>will</i> with pronouns .	We'll be there before 3:00. I'll help you with your suitcases.
The contraction of <i>will not</i> is <i>won't</i> .	He won't be in school tomorrow. The child won't eat carrots.
BE CAREFUL! Do not use contractions in affirmative short answers.	A: Will they be there? B: Yes, they will. NOT Yes, they'll.
USAGE NOTE We use contractions of will and won't in speaking and informal writing.	

The sun will rise at 6:40 a.m. tomorrow morning.

In 2050, there **will be** more megacities. In 2050, people **won't catch** colds.

People will probably take more vacations.

In 2050, there will be more megacities. Those cities

I'll be back in five minutes.

I won't do that again.

A: Will you help me? B: Don't worry. I'll help.

I won't work after 6 p.m. The child won't eat carrots.

are going to be very crowded.

3	Will	for t	he Fut	ture: I	Meani	ngs
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Will has a number of different meanings.

We use will to:

•	talk	about	future	facts

make predictions

• make a promise or give assurance

• ask for or offer something

refuse to do something

USAGE NOTE To say that something is not definite but likely, use *probably* with *will* or *won't*.

and *be going to* in the next sentence.

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Go to MyEnglishLab to watch the grammar presentation.



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STEP 3 FOCUSED PRACTICE

EXERCISE 1 DISCOVER THE GRAMMAR

GRAMMAR NOTES 1–3 Read the sentences. Match the sentences with the different meanings of *will* or *won't*.

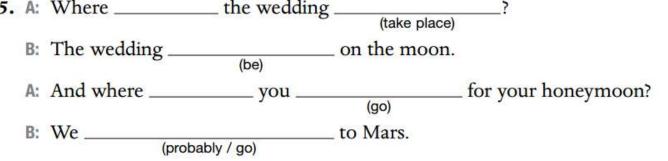
- <u>**b</u> 1.** I won't do it. I think it's wrong.</u>
- 2. Will you show me how to use that computer?
- _____ **3.** I'll be back by 9:00.
- _____ 4. There won't be a meeting on February 8.
- ____ **5.** By 2020, people will fly to the moon for fun.
- a. predicts something
- **b.** refuses to do something
- c. promises to do something
- d. asks for something
- e. tells about something that is not going to happen

EXERCISE 2 WILL FOR THE FUTURE

GRAMMAR NOTES 1–3 Complete the conversations with *will* or *won't* and the verbs in parentheses. Use the contraction '*ll* after pronouns.

- A: When <u>will</u> dinner <u>be</u> ready? (be)
 B: Robot Bob says it <u>(be)</u> ready in twenty-two minutes.
- 2. A: Do you think scientists ______ a cure for the cold?
- B: Yes, I do. And it ______ great for businesses. People ______ (miss) work so often, and businesses ______ money.
- 3. A: Dr. Smith, I have a problem. My great grandmother ______ her (take) (take)
- 4. A: When do you think we ______ astronauts to the planet Mars?
 - B: No one knows. Right now, we're spending less money on space exploration. So

	it		_ a long time.
		(probably / take)	
5. A:	Where _	the weddin	ng



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EXERCISE 3 WILL FOR THE FUTURE

GRAMMAR NOTES 1–3 Complete the conversation with will or won't and the verbs
 in parentheses. Use the contraction 'll after pronouns.

So, Laura, when <u>will</u> you <u>finish</u> your article about the future? **1.** (finish) DAN: LAURA: It ______ ready until 4:00 p.m., but I think you ______ it. 3. (like) DAN: You interviewed Dr. Reicher, right? LAURA: Yes, I did. He says computers ______ us stay healthy. DAN: Oh, yeah? How's that? LAURA: In the future, we ______ computers inside our bodies. They 5. (have) our blood sugar and blood pressure. We ______ if _____ if we have a problem right away. _____ diabetes and heart disease _____? DAN: LAURA: No, but people ______ from those diseases so often, and people ______ ____ longer. 10. (probably / live) And when _____ this _____? DAN: LAURA: In about five years, I think. DAN: Wow.





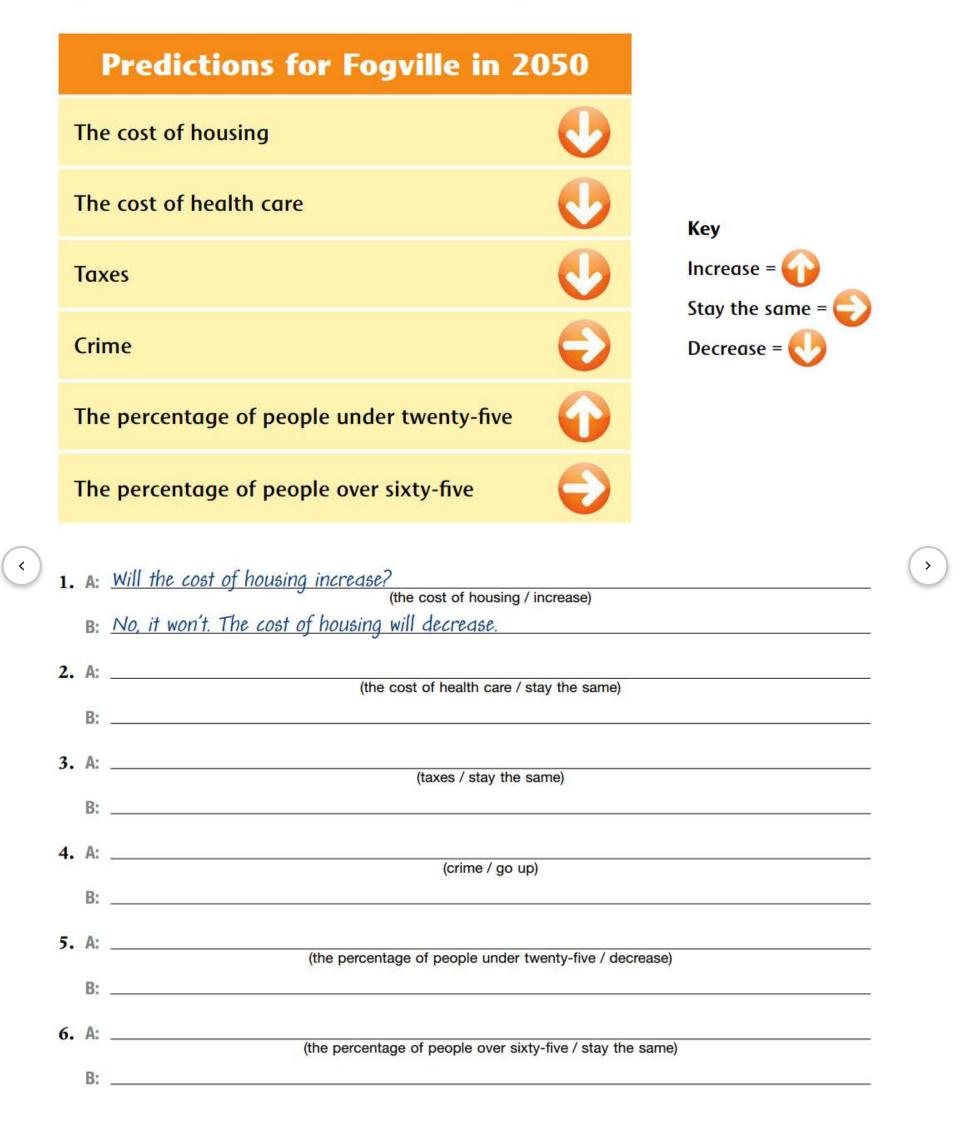
©23/02 B LISTEN AND CHECK Listen to the conversation and check your answers in A.



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EXERCISE 4 WILL FOR THE FUTURE

GRAMMAR NOTES 1–3 Look at the chart. Write questions about Fogville. Use the words in parentheses and *will* for the future. Then answer the questions.



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EXERCISE 5 REVIEW OF PRESENT, PAST, FUTURE

 GRAMMAR NOTES 1–3 Complete the conversation with the verbs in parentheses. Use the simple present, the simple past, or the future with will. Use contractions when possible.

ELLA: <u>Did</u> you <u>hear</u> the lecture last week? JAKE: No, what ______ it about? ELLA: The future. According to Professor Kramer, in cities in the ocean, we ______ trips to ______ the moon, and we ______ 5. (learn) _ most things from computers. JAKE: By 2100? We _____ all ____gone. ______people 6. (be) ____ his lecture? 7. (like) ELLA: Yes, they did. They always do. He ____ how to make any subject 8. (know) fascinating.

E LISTEN AND CHECK Listen to the conversation and check your answers in A.



EXERCISE 6 EDITING

GRAMMAR NOTES 1-3 Correct the conversation. There are six mistakes. The first mistake is already corrected. Find and correct five more.

- A: What does Professor Kramer say about the future of our city?
- will B: He says there be an increase in the population. Many young people will moves to this

area. Taxes will increases. The value of homes will also to increase.

A: How about crime? Will it increases?

B: No, it doesn't.

A: Well, it sounds like it will be a great place to live.

Go to MyEnglishLab for more focused practice.



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STEP 4 COMMUNICATION PRACTICE

EXERCISE 7 LISTENING

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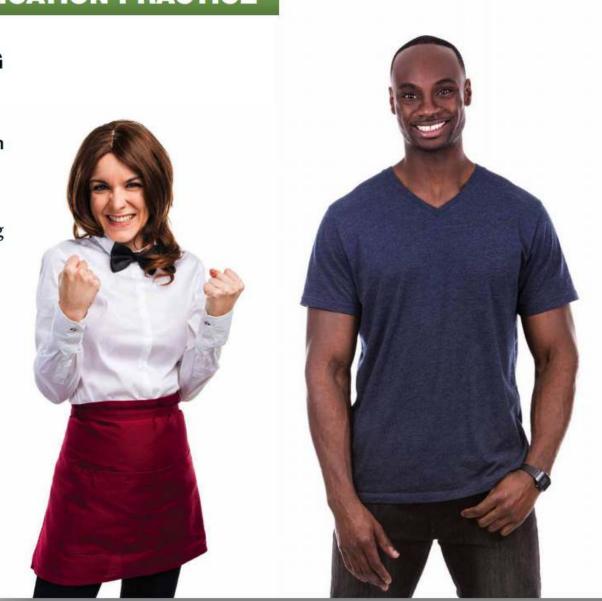
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Listen to a conversation between a TV news reporter and two people, Susan Kerins and Jim Morris. Then read the question and circle the correct answer.

Why is the reporter interviewing these two people?

a. They made a lot of money.

b. They won a lot of money.



B	Listen again.	Answer the	questions.	Check	Susan	or	Jim.
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Susan	Jim
\checkmark	
	Susan √ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □

O Work with a partner. Imagine the man (Jim) and the woman (Susan) five years from

now. How will their lives be different?

- EXAMPLE: A: I think the woman will have new friends.
 - **B:** I agree. She's probably going to lose some of her old friends. What about the man?
 - A: I think ...



EXERCISE 8 PREDICTIONS FOR 2050

DISCUSSION Work in small groups. Look at the predictions from the article on page 272 again. Do you agree with them? What are your predictions?

- 1. More people will be vegetarians. They won't eat any meat or fish.
- 2. Robots will cook our meals. We won't spend a lot of time in the kitchen.
- 3. There will be a cure for the common cold.
- People will live to be 100 years old on average, and the majority of people will be over sixty.
- 5. People will be taller and weigh more.
- 6. People will take memory pills.
- 7. People will read each other's thoughts.
- 8. Cars won't run on gas. Cars will run on solar energy.
- 9. Private planes will be common.
- 10. Travel to the moon will be common.
- 11. Scientists will control the weather.
- 12. Paper money and coins will disappear.

1 Tell the class your opinion about four predictions.

EXAMPLE: We all think paper money will disappear. People won't use money or credit cards. They'll use their fingerprints to buy things.

EXERCISE 9 MAKING PREDICTIONS

OISCUSSION Work in small groups. Write predictions for the year 2050 for the areas in the list below.

The environment: The air will be cleaner in 2050. Scientists will solve the problem of air pollution.

- health and medicine
 sports

Write one of your group's predictions on the board. Your classmates will tell you if they agree or disagree and give reasons why.

EXAMPLE: I disagree with the prediction that the air will be cleaner in 2050. People will continue to drive cars, build factories, and pollute the air. I think the air will be bad in 2050.



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EXERCISE 10 COMPLAINTS AND SUGGESTIONS

PROBLEM SOLVING You are going to tell your classmates about a problem, and they are going to help you solve it. First, write down two complaints. Use won't in each complaint.

My boss won't let us keep our phones on at work. I need to have my phone on. I have young children, and I want the babysitter to reach me in an emergency.

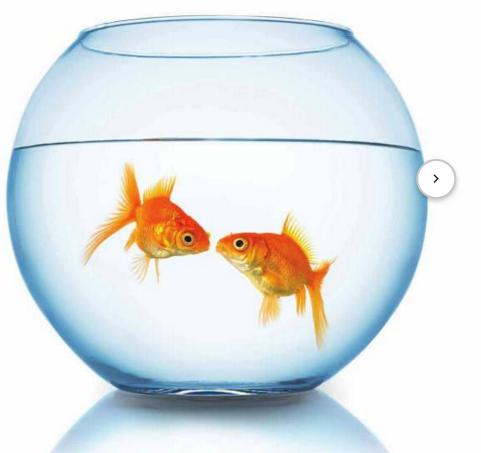
B Work in small groups. Tell your complaint to your group. The students in your group will make a suggestion to solve your problem.

EXAMPLE: Why don't you tell your boss that you have young children and need to keep your phone on? I'm sure he'll understand.

EXERCISE 11 DON'T WORRY. I'LL FEED YOUR FISH!

ROLE PLAY Work with a partner. Imagine each situation below. Ask your partner for help. Your partner promises to help.

- You are going away on business for a week. You are worried about your fish and your plants in your apartment.
 - EXAMPLE: A: I'm going to be away all next week. I'm worried about my fish and my plants.
 - **B:** Don't worry about them. I'll feed your fish and water your plants.
 - A: Oh, that would be great. Thanks so much. I'll leave the key . . .



- 2. You are going to take a Spanish class next year. Your partner took the same class last year.
- 3. You are going to buy a new smartphone. This will be your first smartphone and you are not very good with technology.
- 4. You need a ride to the airport. Your partner has a car.
- You're going to move to a small apartment. You need to throw away a lot of things. You can't decide what to throw away.
- 6. You're going to visit relatives. You need to buy gifts for everyone. You're not good at choosing gifts.

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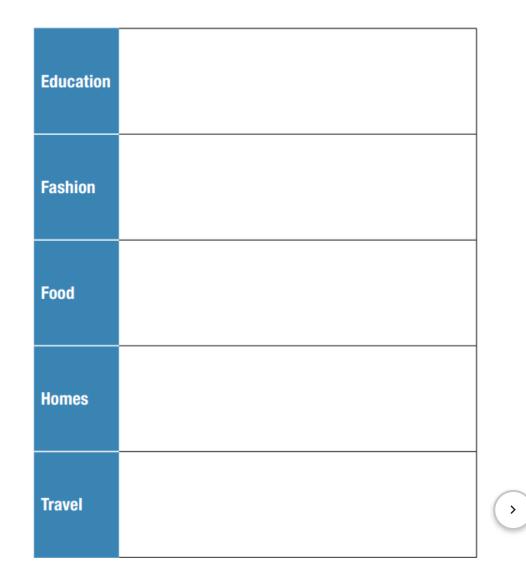
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Go to MyEnglishLab for more communication practice.

FROM GRAMMAR TO WRITING

A BEFORE YOU WRITE Read a student's paragraph about travel in the future. Work with a partner. Talk about the topics in the chart and say how life will be different in 2050 in those areas. Use your imagination. Write notes in the chart with your ideas.

In 2050, people will have new ways to travel. First of all, people will have their own wings. They'll use them to fly distances of up to 50 miles (80 kilometers). The wings won't take up much space, and parking won't be a problem. People are also going to have flying cars. These cars will go up to 200 miles an hour (322 kilometers). People will use them to travel from 200 to 400 miles (322 to 644 kilometers). There will be regular planes and jets, and spaceships for trips to other planets. I'll probably live in the countryside and work in the city. My 25-mile (40-kilometer) commute is going to take about six minutes with my flying car. I'll travel to other planets on my vacations.



WRITE Write a paragraph about *one* of the topics in the chart in A. Use *will* for the future. You can also use *be going to* in some sentences to make your writing more interesting.

CHECK YOUR WORK Read your paragraph. Underline *will* + the base form of the verb. Use the Editing Checklist to check your work.

Editing Checklist
Did you use?
\square will + the base form of the verb for the future
\square will not or won't + the base form of the verb for the negative future
future time markers at the beginning or end of a sentence

will in some sentences and *be going to* for the future in other sentences
 correct spelling

D REVISE Read your paragraph again. Can you improve it? Make changes if necessary.

Go to MyEnglishLab for more writing practice.

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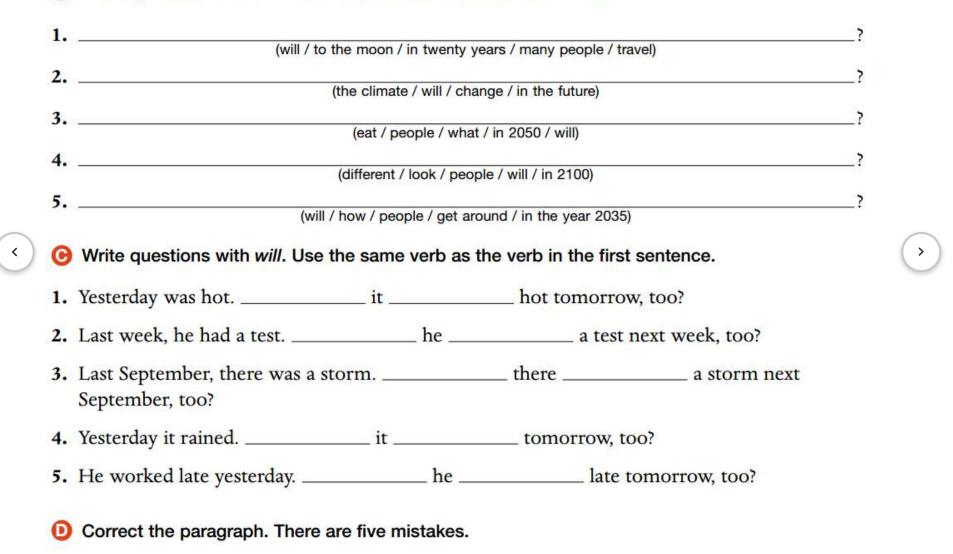
UNIT 23 REVIEW

Test yourself on the grammar of the unit.

Or Circle the correct word to complete the sentences.

- 1. He doesn't like hats. He will / won't wear them.
- 2. I have a dentist appointment. I will / won't be at work until noon.
- 3. He's good with computers. He probably will / won't fix your computer.
- 4. The sale ends today, but don't worry. There will / won't be another sale next month.
- 5. I need more time. I will / won't be ready for at least a half an hour.

B Write questions. Put the words in parentheses in the correct order.



I usually bring my lunch to work, but tomorrow I no will bring it because it's my birthday. My co-workers will takes me out to a restaurant. We'll to order a few different

dishes, and we'll share them. They'll singing "Happy Birthday," and they'll give me a

small gift. I'm sure it will is a lot of fun.

Now check your answers on page 449.

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Go to MyEnglishLab to complete the review online.